



MACHINE HEALTH ASSESSMENT SYSTEM (M-HAS)

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Overview

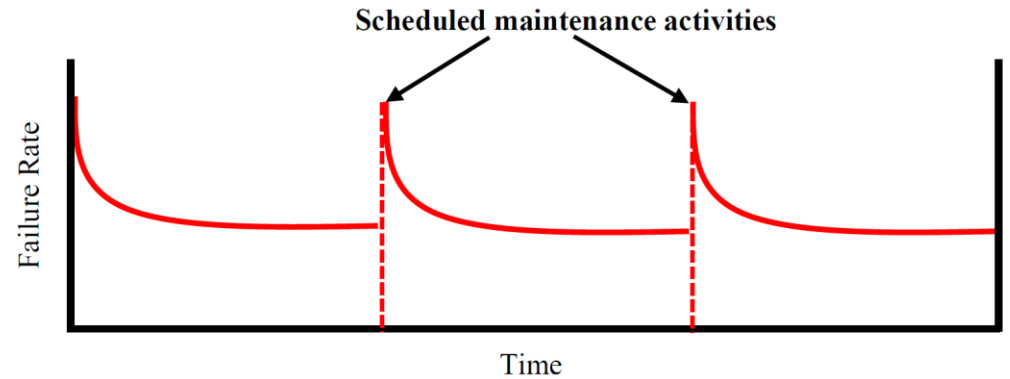
- Moving from periodic to condition-based maintenance (CBM)
- Overview of Turner Icení's M-HAS
- Examples of M-HAS at work
- How can M-HAS promote a circular economy



Moving from periodic to condition-based maintenance

Periodic Maintenance

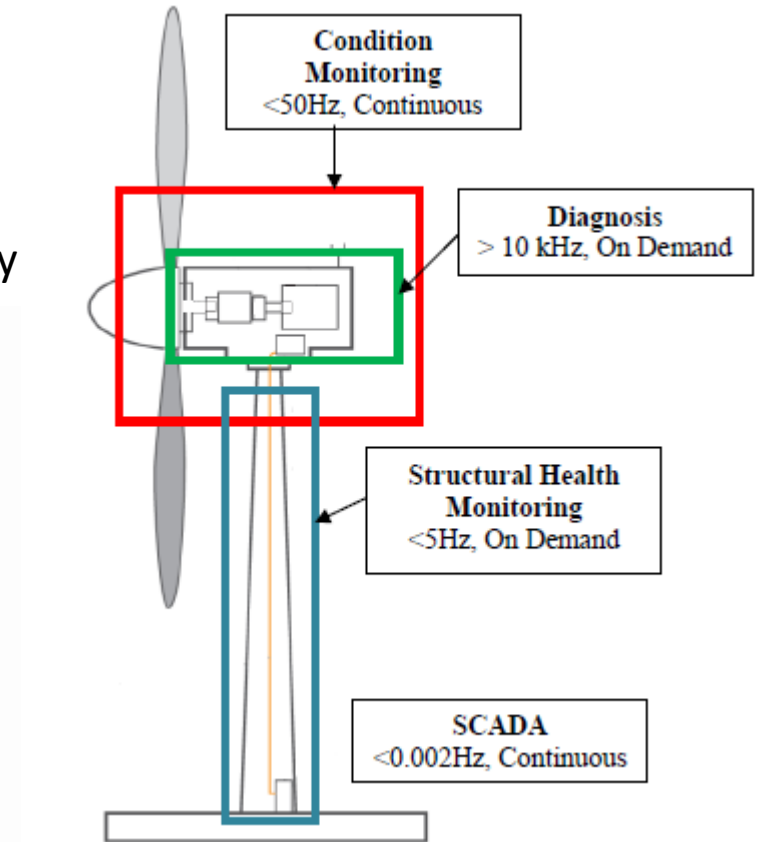
- Good when condition closely related to time & duty
- Justifiable for high cost of failure
- Maintenance can be carried out unnecessarily
- Does not allow manifesting faults to be identified at an early stage



Moving from periodic to condition-based maintenance

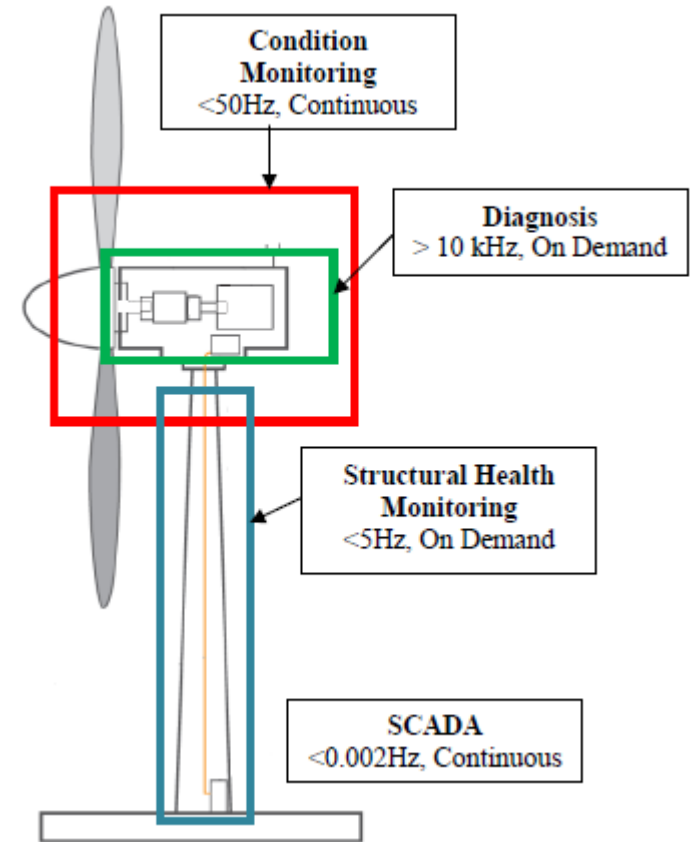
Condition-based Maintenance

- Use of sensors to monitor machine health
- Maintenance only carried out when necessary
- Optimised O&M scheduling
- Avoidance of major failures



Moving from periodic to condition-based maintenance

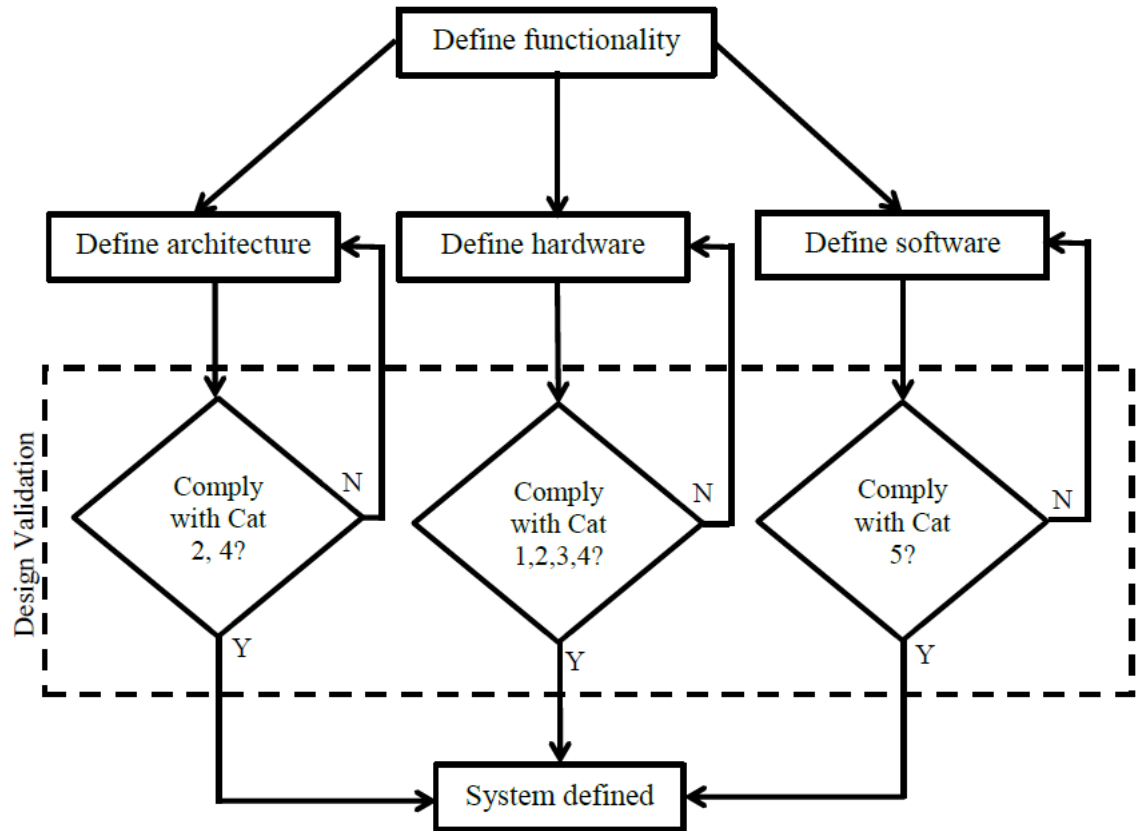
In reality operators are using a combination of periodic and condition based maintenance



Designing CMS Correctly

Categories of robustness:

- Weather
- Operational
- Personnel handling
- Electrical signal
- System software





What is M-HAS?

- Low cost condition monitoring system
- Can be retrofitted to any turbine
- Free standing or integrated with SCADA
- Cloud-based data storage and display
- Real-time and offline analysis
- Automatic alarming





Overview of M-HAS



Wear Metals in Oil

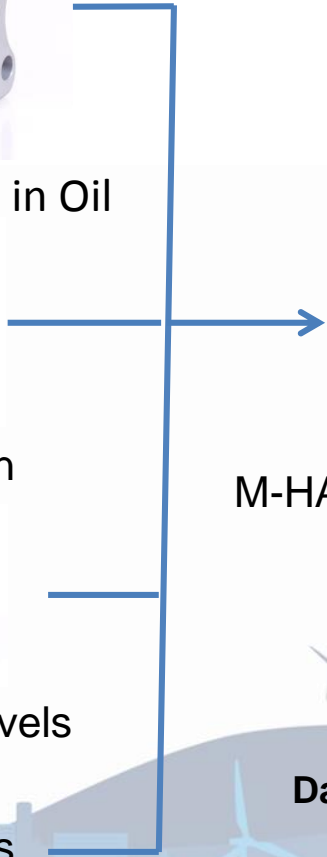


Oil Condition

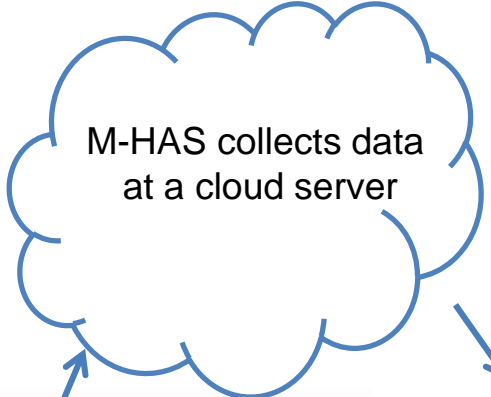


Vibration Levels

Other Sensors



M-HAS Data Collection Module (DCM)



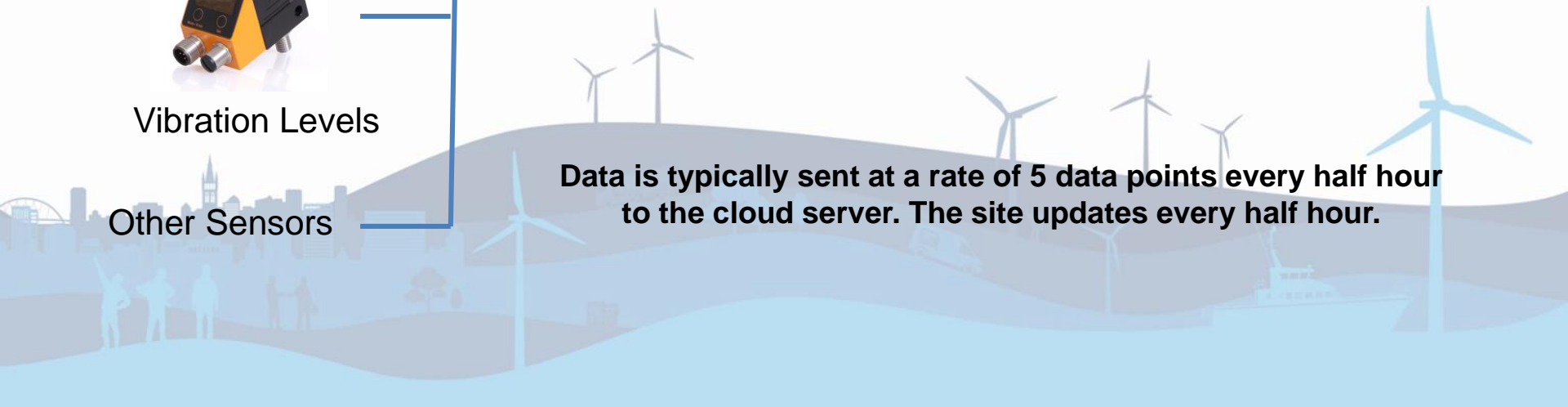
M-HAS collects data at a cloud server



Web Interface

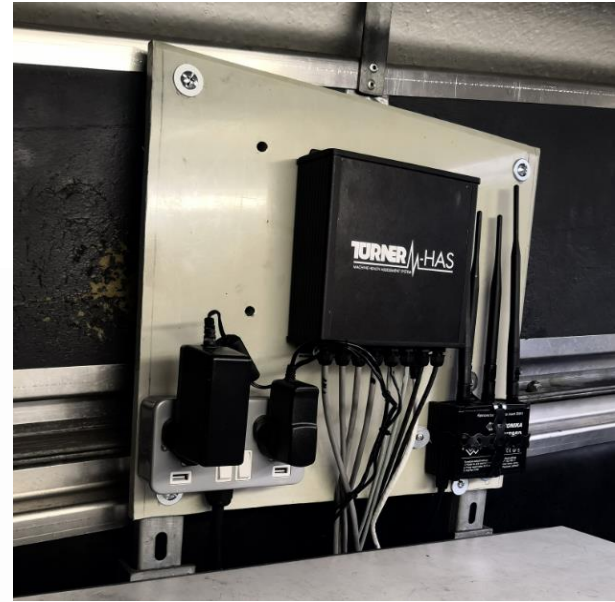
www.turnerm-has.com

Data is typically sent at a rate of 5 data points every half hour to the cloud server. The site updates every half hour.





Installed M-HAS Instrumentation



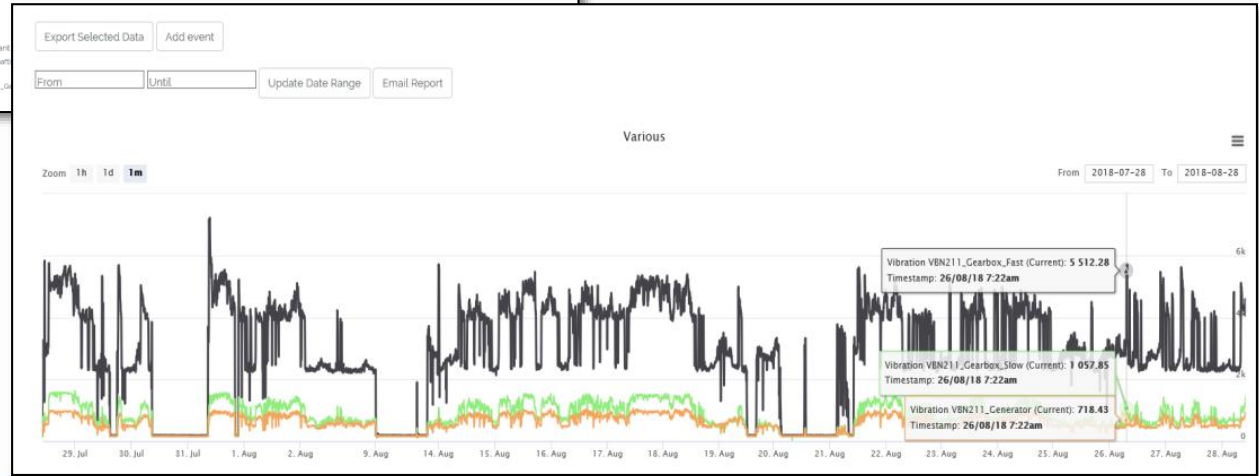
Vestas V47 Example





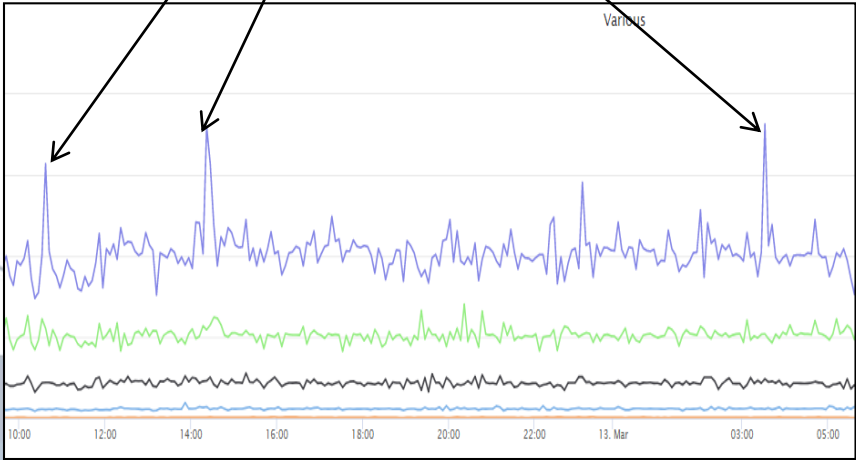
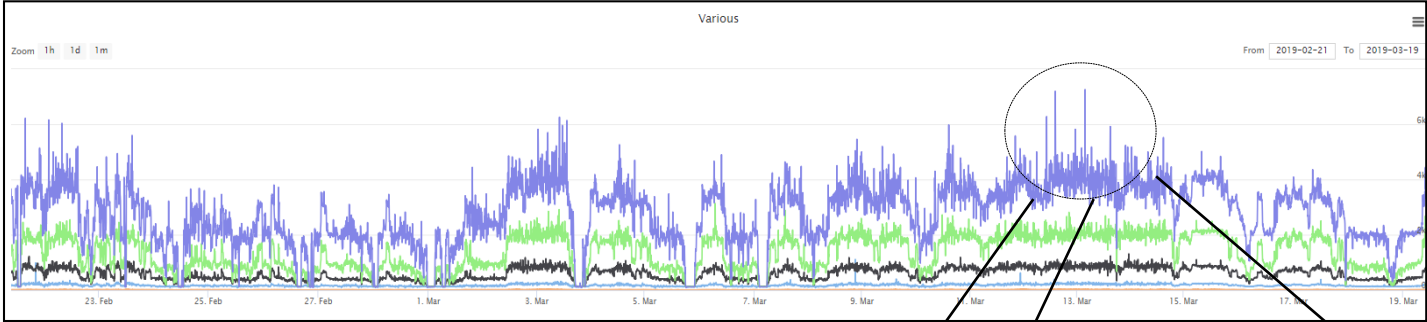
M-HAS Web Interface

The screenshot shows the M-HAS web interface dashboard. At the top left is the TURNER ICENI logo. The main header area displays 'Time and Date' (10:03, Tue, August 28th), 'Location' (Benhar Road, Shotts, M:7.5B), and 'Weather' (Temp: 19°C, Wind: 16.25 km/h). Below this are four monitoring cards: Temperature (16°C), Vibration (1.057), Oil (1.057), and Gear & Bearing Wear (1.057). A section for alarm data posting includes a URL input field with 'https://windsync.co.uk/api/1.0/mhas' and an 'Update' button. Below that, a list of monitoring parameters is shown with checkboxes: Conductivity (checked), Change in Conductivity, Dielectric Constant, Vibration (checked), and others.

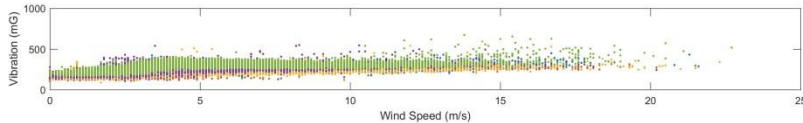
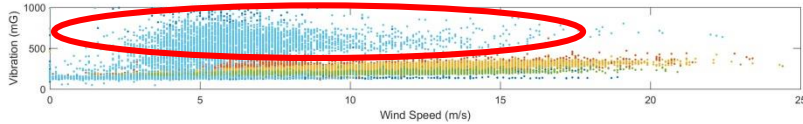
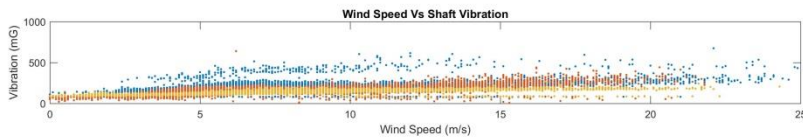
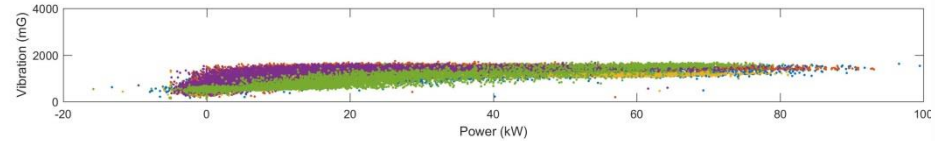
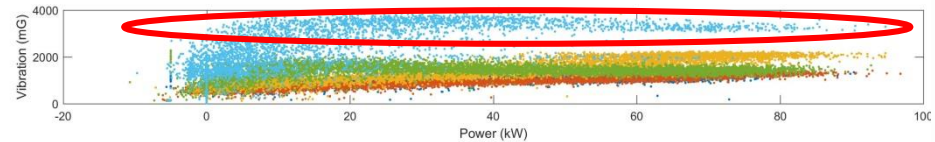
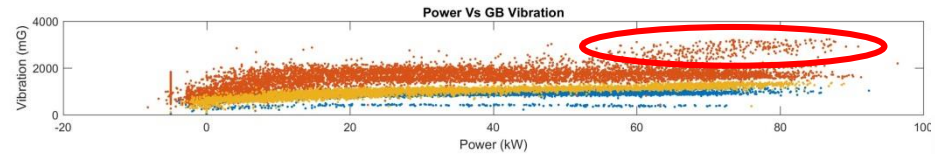
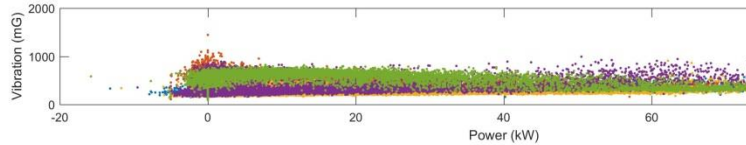
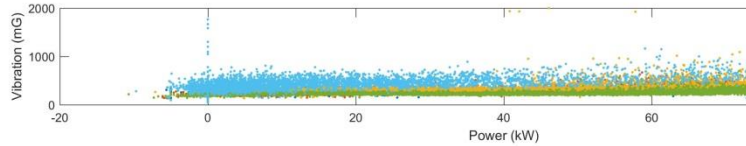
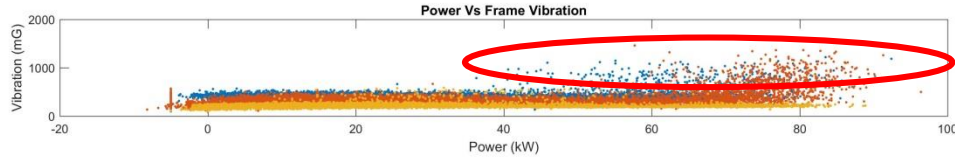




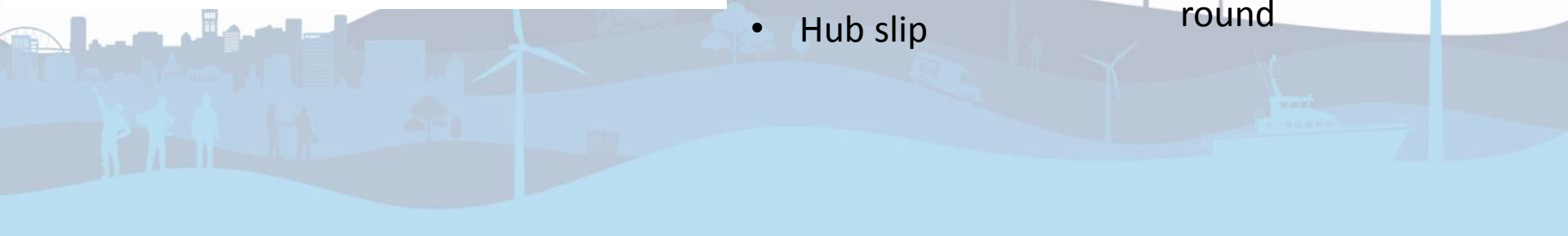
M-HAS Fault Detection



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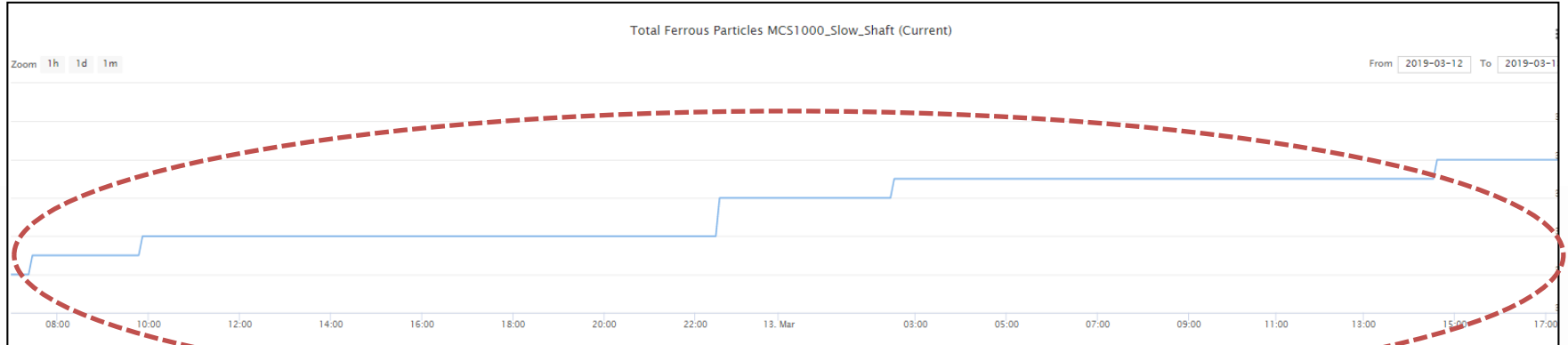


- Cracked bedplate
- Lightning rod failure
- Braking failure
- Gearbox faults
- Hub slip
- Sensor failure
- Bad placement
- Sensors disconnected/swapped round



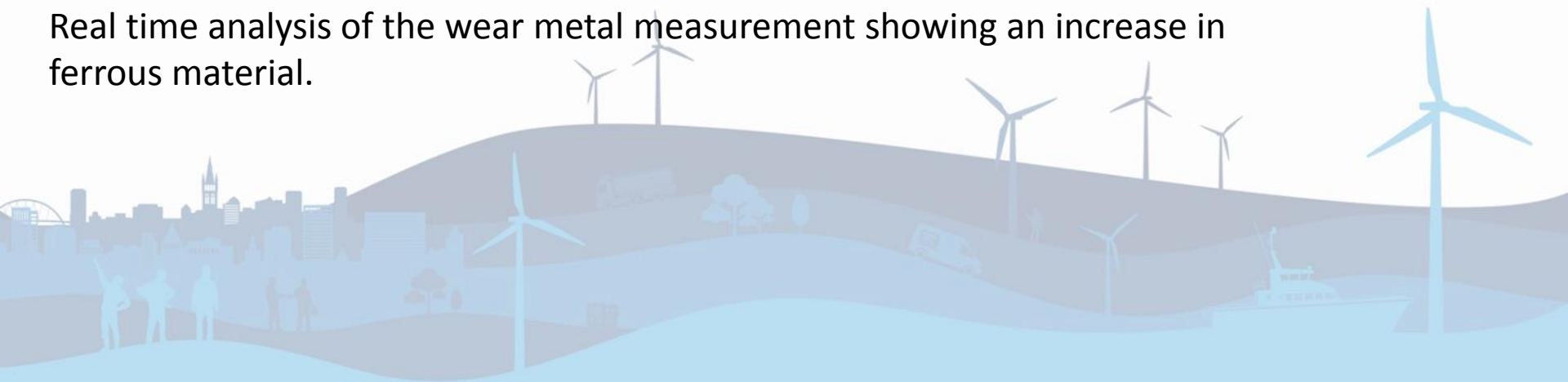


Online Oil Analysis

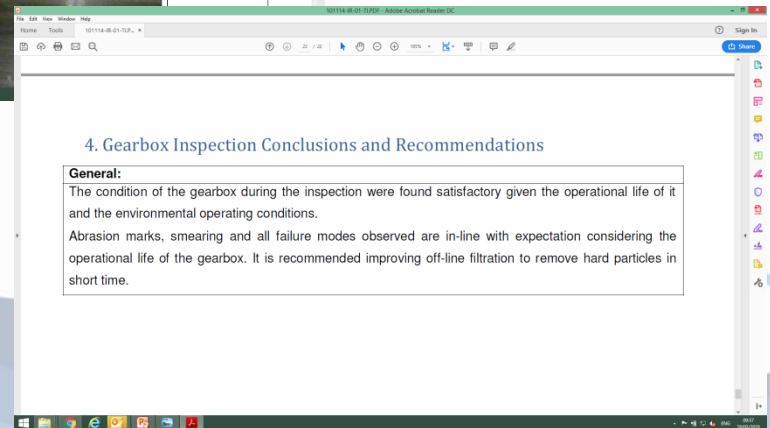
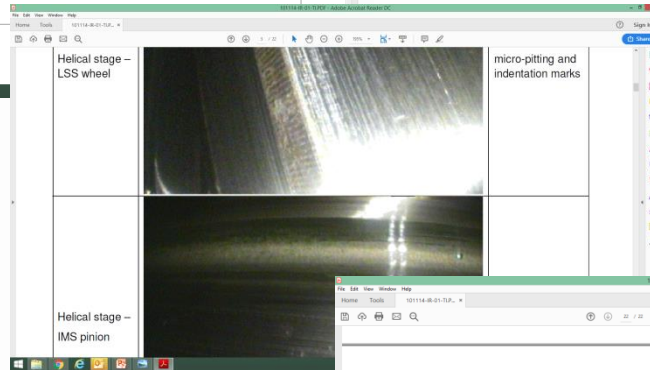
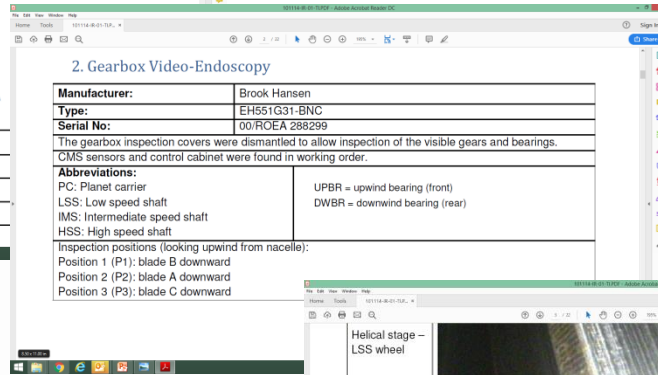
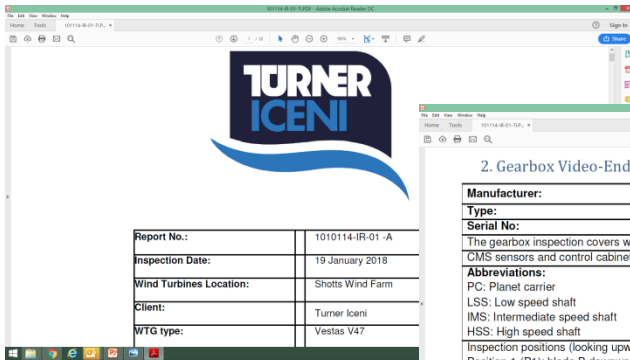


54 particles

Real time analysis of the wear metal measurement showing an increase in ferrous material.

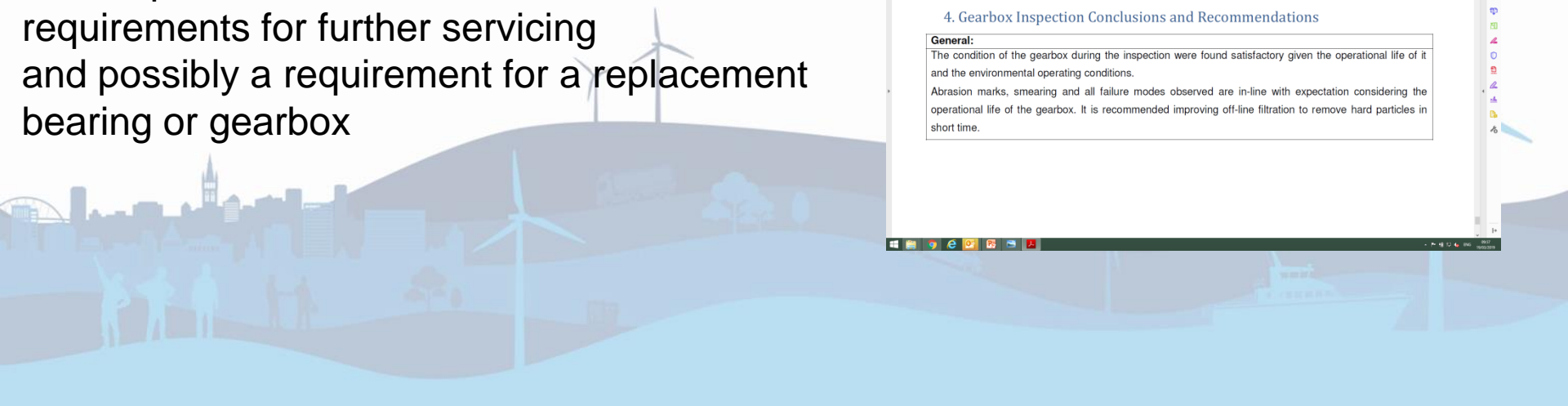


M-HAS Reporting

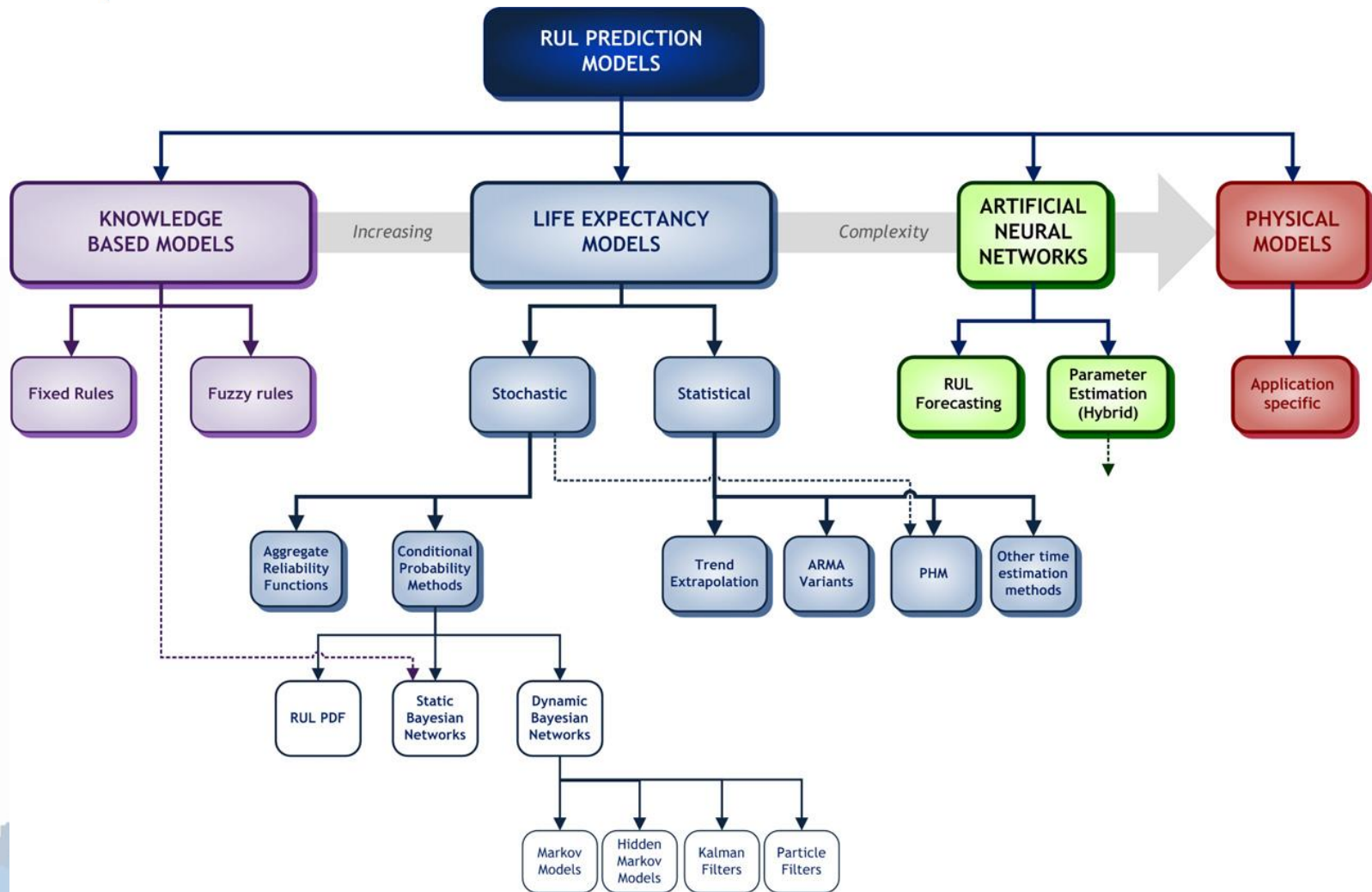


M-HAS system indicates the requirement for an inspection.

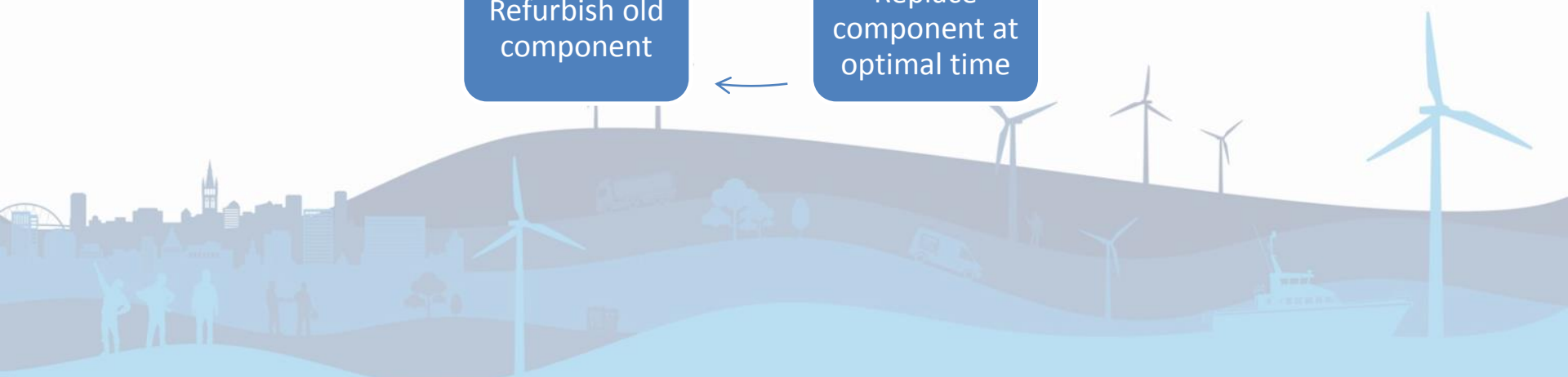
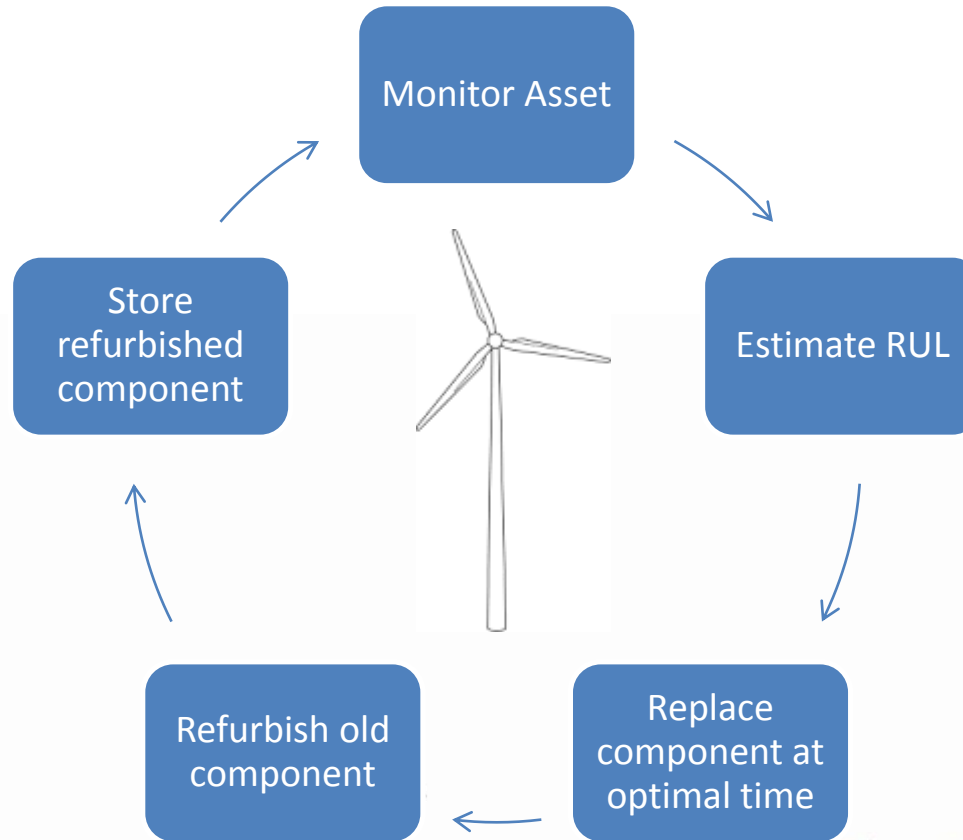
The inspection would state requirements for further servicing and possibly a requirement for a replacement bearing or gearbox



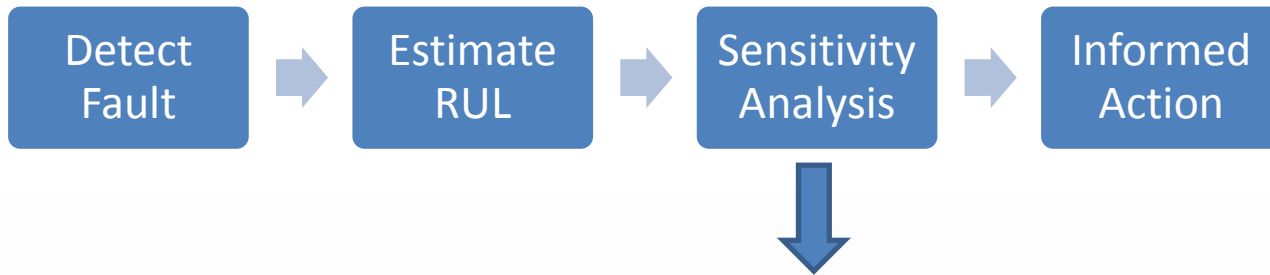
Remaining Useful Life Prediction



M-HAS and the Circular Economy



M-HAS and the Circular Economy



- Return on saleable component now vs. later
- Cost to refurbish component now vs. later
- Labour/crane cost to replace now vs. later
- Probability of a major failure occurring now vs. later





Summary

- M-HAS is a low cost condition monitoring system
- Allows optimised maintenance scheduling and avoidance of major failures
- Allows for more informed procurement decisions to be made
- Allows components to be removed before they are beyond repair



